



Jobber

- > Most common type of twist drill - Shank diameter is equivalent to point diameter
- > For use in drill press, power drill, lathe, CNC



Mechanics Length

- > Shorter overall length than standard jobber drills - For when rigidity and operator control are important
- > For use in drill press, power drill



Hex Shank

- > Impact Ready 1/4" Hex Shank - Popular in the electrical and construction trades
- > For use in 1/4" impact driver



Silver & Deming - 1/2" Shank

- > 1/2" In. Shank Drills - For applications where large diameter holes are needed
- > For use in drill press, power drill, lathe, CNC



Aircraft Extension

- > Popular in aircraft industry - For applications where 6 or 12" reach is needed
- > For use in power drill



Long Boy

- > 12 or 18" Overall Length - For general purpose drilling in deep hole applications where long flute length is needed
- > For use in power drill



Screw Machine - "Stubby"

- > Reduced flute and overall length- shorter length increases rigidity when drilling sheet metal or thin stainless steel
- > For use in power drill



Reduced Shank

- > Reduced shank diameter
- > For use in applications where power tool drill chuck capacity is limited



Taper Shank

- > Drill a wide variety of materials- steel, cast iron
- > For use in machinery with a taper shank socket and/or arbor



Taper Length

- > Longer than standard jobber drills - Shank is same diameter as point diameter
- > For use in lathes and screw machines



Left Hand

- > Left hand spiral flutes - For use in machinery with left hand rotation or for bolt/screw extraction
- > For use in drill press, power drill, lathe, CNC



Carbide

- > For drilling abrasive or non-ferrous materials like cast iron, aluminum, copper and bronze
- > For use in drill press, power drill



Double End Sheeter

- > For drilling sheet metal - Short length adds rigidity for drilling flexible materials
- > For use in power drill